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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/731,769	12/09/2003	Robert A. Kirken	2105-00401	4261
23505	7590	12/15/2006		
CONLEY ROSE, P.C. P. O. BOX 3267 HOUSTON, TX 77253-3267			EXAMINER KWON, BRIAN YONG S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER

1614

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/731,769	Applicant(s) KIRKEN ET AL.	
	Examiner Brian S. Kwon	Art Unit 1614	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 October 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 9,13-30,32 and 33 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8,10-12 and 31 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Status of Application

1. By Amendment filed 10/02/2006, claims 9, 13-30 and 32-33 have been cancelled; claims 1, 5-7, 10, 12 and 31 have been amended; claims 34-50 have been added.
2. Claims 1-8, 10-12, 31 and 34-50 are currently pending for prosecution on the merits.
3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8, 10-12 and 31 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claims 1-8, 10-12, 31 and 34-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for treating allograft rejection by suppressing a Janus kinase 3 (Jak3)-dependent function of a cell expressing Janus tyrosine kinase 3 or by suppressing an undesired Jak3-dependent function of a cell expressing Janus tyrosine kinase 3 with compound represented by the formula I or a salt thereof, does not reasonably provide enablement for "suppressing a Janus tyrosine kinase (Jak3)-dependent function..." or "an in vivo method of suppressing an undesired Jak3-dependent...". The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to practice the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

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The factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure meets the enablement requirement of 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, have been described in *In re Wands*, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (Fed. Cir. 1988). Among these factors are: (1) the nature of the invention; (2) the state of the prior art; (3) the relative skill of those in the art; (4) the predictability or unpredictability of the art; (5) the breadth of the claims; (6) the amount of direction or guidance presented; (7) the presence or absence of working examples; and (8) the quantity of experimentation necessary. When the above factors are weighed, it is the examiner's position that one skilled in the art could not practice the invention without undue experimentation.

The instant claims are drawn to a method for suppressing a Janus tyrosine kinase 3 (Jak3) dependent function of cells expressing Janus tyrosine kinase 3 by administering a compound of the formula I or salt thereof or in vivo method of suppressing an undesired Jak3-dependent function of a cell expressing Janus tyrosine kinase 3 by administering a compound of the formula I or salt thereof. Given their "broadest reasonable interpretation", the interpretation of the instant claims allow for the inclusion of treatment of numerous diseases or disorders associated with proliferation of cells expressing Janus tyrosine kinase 3.

The claimed compounds (mannich bases of alicyclic ketones) are known in the art as fungistatic agent, choloretic agent or cytotoxic agent (Qi et al., *Yingyong Huaxue*, 2002, 19(3), 243-246; Dimmock et al., *Pharmazie*, 1995, 50(1), 668-71; Dimmock et al., *European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry*, 1993, 28(4), 313-22; FR 1466205 or CA 712187; DE 1138763; FR M100).

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The relative skill of those in the art of pharmaceuticals and unpredictability of the pharmaceutical art is high. The specification does not provide any competent evidence or disclosed tests that are highly predictive for the pharmaceutical use of the instant compounds encompassed by the instant invention. Pharmacological activity in general is a very unpredictable area. Note that in cases involving physiological activity such as the instant case, “the scope of enablement obviously varies inversely with the degree of unpredictability of the factors involved”. See *In re Fisher*, 427 F.2d 833, 839, 166 USPQ 18, 24 (CCPA 1970).

The instant claims embrace the treatment of diseases or conditions mediated by Jak-3 activity by the administration of the claimed compounds represented by compound of Formula I, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, including inflammatory disorder, cardiovascular disorder immune disorder or autoimmune disorders (e.g., coronary artery disease, heart valve disease, arrhythmia, heart failure, stroke, shock, endocarditis, diseases of the aorta and its branches, disorders of the peripheral vascular systems, congenital heart diseases, angina (particularly chronic, stable angina pectoris), cardiomyopathy, restenosis, ischemic disease, pulmonary edema associated with acute myocardial infarction, thrombosis, platelet aggregation, platelet adhesion, pulmonary thromboembolism, cerebral thromboembolism, arteriovenous fistula, atheroembolism, asthma, allograft rejection, and etc...

It is not known yet that a single underlying mechanism ties together all of the seemingly unrelated manifestations encompassed by the instant claims. Therefore, the skilled artisan would turn to undue amount of trial and error to find out which disease or condition would be response to the administration of JAK-inhibitor.

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The specification provides assay method (in vitro) in using compound 649641P, and disclosed that said compound is effective in reducing the proliferation of γ /Jak3-dependent PHA-activated human T-cells or proliferation of T-cells culture in the presence of the Jak2 activator or the Jak3 activator. However, there is no demonstrated correlation that tests and results apply to the claimed utility embraced by the instant claims.

The quantity of experimentation needed to be performed by one skilled in the art is yet another factor involved in the determining whether “undue experimentation” is required to make and use the instant invention. “the test is not merely quantitative, since a considerable amount of experimentation is permissible, if it is merely routine, or if the specification in question provides a reasonable amount of guidance with respect to the direction in which the experimentation should proceed.” In re Wands, 858 F.2d 737, 8 USPQ2d 1404 (citing In re Angstadt, 537 F.2d 489, 502-04, 190 USPQ 214, 218 (CCPA 1976)). For these reasons, one of ordinary skill in the art would be burdened with undue “painstaking experimentation study” to use the claimed invention that would be enabled in this specification.

Conclusion

5. No Claim is allowed.
6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Kwon whose telephone number is (571) 272-0581. The examiner can normally be reached Tuesday through Friday from 9:00 am to 7:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin Marschel, can be reached on (571) 272-0718. The fax number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

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Any inquiry of a general nature of relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications may be obtained from Private PAIR only. For more information about PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov> Should you have any questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

Brian Kwon
Patent Examiner
AU 1614

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'BK' followed by a long horizontal line.